GENERAL SIGNS OF SEXUAL ABUSE





Overly interested in theirs or other's genitals

Continually wants to touch private parts of other children

Compares genital size with other children

Instigating and/or forcing 'sex play' with another child (often younger, more than 3 years difference in age) Inappropriate sex play, e.g. oral-genital contact between a 7 year old and a 4 year old (Note: with the increase in pornography viewing on the internet by young children, sex play is becoming more worrisome among similar-aged children)

May show increase in delinquent behavior (most likely 8 years and above)

Inappropriate sex play with another child happening more than 3 times, despite careful monitoring and discussion about boundaries
Persistent masturbation that does not cease when told to stop

Seductive/advanced sexual behavior

Sexualized play with dolls or toys or animals

Sexualized play involving forced penetration of objects vaginally or anally

Chronic peeping, exposing and verbalizing obscenities

Touching or rubbing against the genitals of adults or children that they do not know

Persistant use of 'dirty' words



Describing sexual acts and sexualized behavior beyond their years

Drawings and/or games that involve inappropriate sexual activities

Drawings that include large genitals on anked or clothed bodies

Becoming upset when viewed changing clothes

Talking in a sexualized way with unknown adults or older children

Strong body odor

Sores around the mouth

Not wanting to go to a certain person's place or to and activity

Blood or discharge on sheets or in underwear

Pain while urinating or with bowel movements; frequent urinary tract infections

Withdrawn and anxious behavior (irritable, clingy, listless)

Excessive crying, unable to be soothed

Secretive or say they have a 'special' secret they can't tell (this may be to gauge your reaction)

Child or child's friend telling you about interference directly or indirectly

Indirectly dropping hints about the abuse (again, to gauge your reaction)

Bruising, scratches, rashes, cuts, burns or bleeding in the genital area and/or breasts, buttocks, lower abdomen or thighs



Going to bed fully clothed

Increase in nightmares and sleep disturbances

Regressive behavior, e.g. a return to bed-wetting or soiling

Sudden changes in behavior, e.g. from a happy child to an angry and/or defiant child

Learning difficulties, poor concentration, lower grades, problems with peers

Appetite changes (sudden and significant), failure to thrive

Unexplained accumulation of money and gifts

Increased talk of a 'special older friend'

Most items on this checklist are only suggestive and never proof that a child has been sexually abused. Many of the behaviors can also be a result of other stressors in your child's life. Often, there are no visible indicators. Children react differently depending on age, extent of abuse, support from others and their relationship with their perpetrator.

"My child disclosed sexual abuse to me, what should I do?"

Stay calm
Tell the child you believe them
Let them know they have done the right thing by telling you
Tell them they are brave and courageous
Reassure them that they are in no way to blame
Reassure them that they are loved
Tell them that they are safe and will be looked after
Let them know that you will do everything you can to stop the
abuse (but make no promises)
Once the child is with a trusted and caring adult, contact local

CONTACT INFORMATION

law enforcement or Department of Health and Human Services

Sgt. Mark Unvert, Lincoln Police Department Special Victims Unit [402.441.6967]

FBI [lincoln@fbi.gov] or the Omaha Office [402.493.8688]

Child Advocacy Center [402.476.3200]
Caitlin Ossian or Aubrey Yost -- Child Advocates
Maja Cartwright -- Program Director
Stacie Bleicher, M.D. -- Medical Director
Lynn Ayers -- Executive Director



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